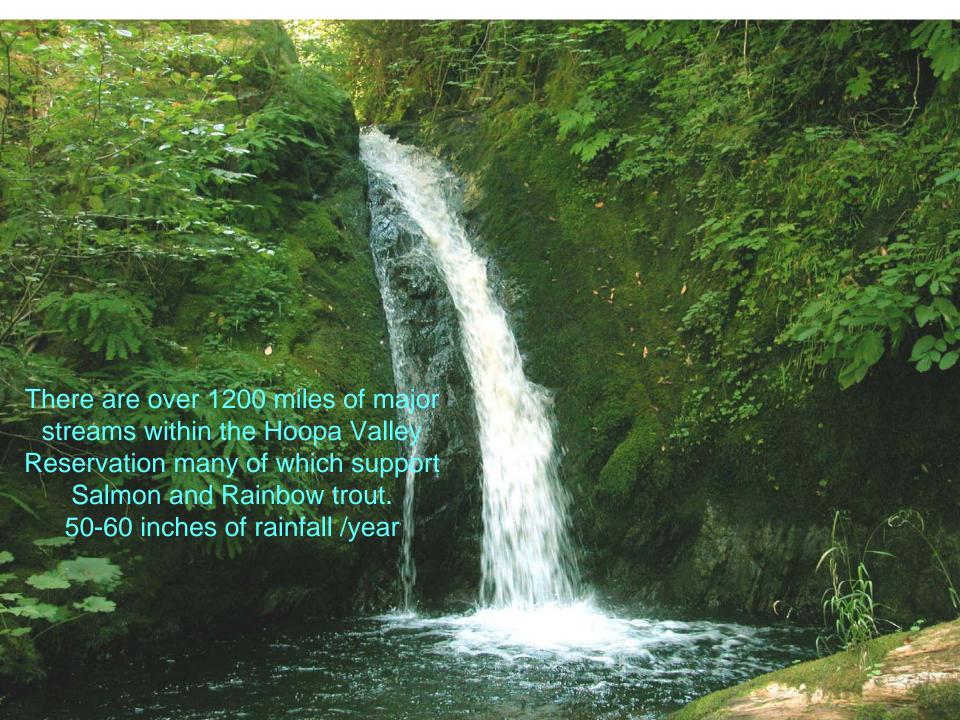


Salmon are the life blood of the Hupa and Yurok and Karuk people







Why Hydro?

- Most common renewable energy
- Well developed technology
- Most efficient means of producing electricity
- Multiple uses of water resource
- Ideal for distributed generation
- Least expensive power in US



Hydro Efficiency

- Generates between 205-267 times the amount of energy to build and maintain the facility
- Windpower is 37x
- Nuclear is 16x
- Coal is 11x



In FY06 the Hoopa Valley Tribe received a grant from the DOE to conduct a hydro-power feasibility study on 7 major streams of the Reservation

Concept of Approach

- Road access to streams
 - Intake sites, pipeline construction and turbine sites
- Distance to Valley
 - produce enough power to get down to the valley and still have plenty for the community to use
- Proximity to power lines connectivity
- Location for turbine
 - relatively flat, close to power lines
- Adequate head and majority of stream flows at intake site



Issue(s)

The Hoopa Valley Tribe has been involved in legal battles with upstream dams for over 10 years

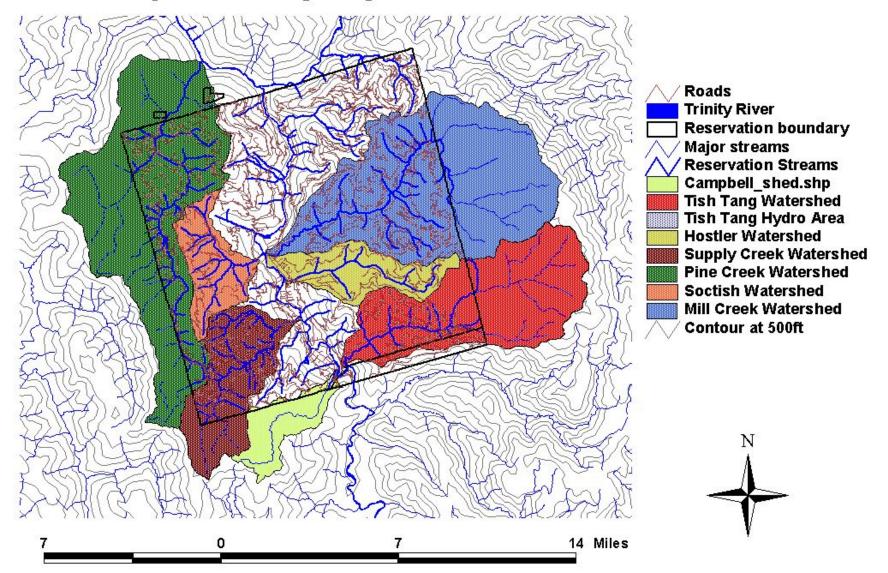
In 2003 the Tribe won it's case for 30%more water from the Lewiston dam to support Salmon fisheries in the Trinity and Klamath Rivers



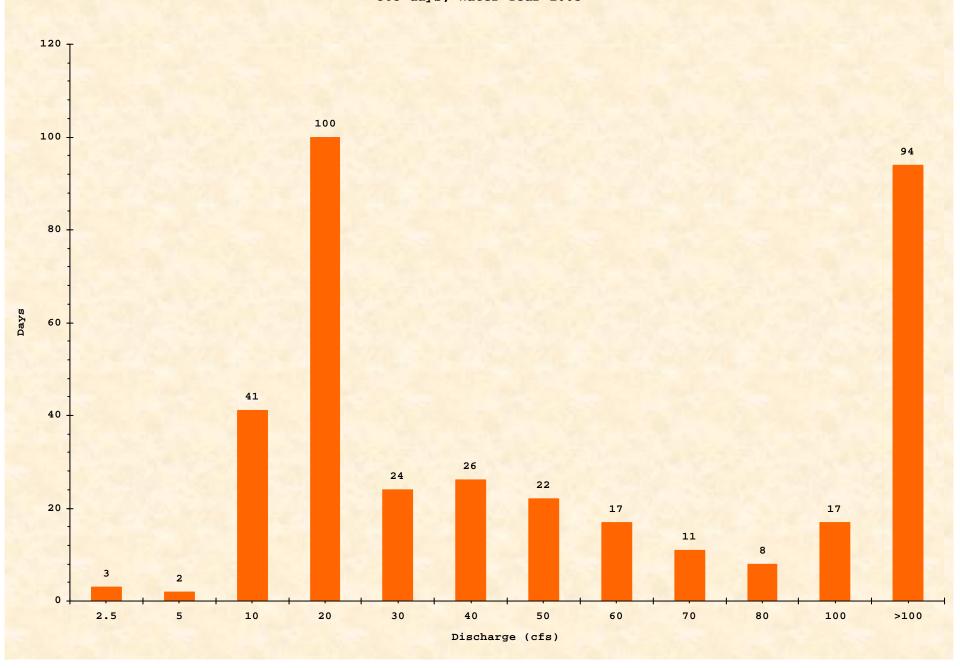
Lewiston Dam - Trinity River



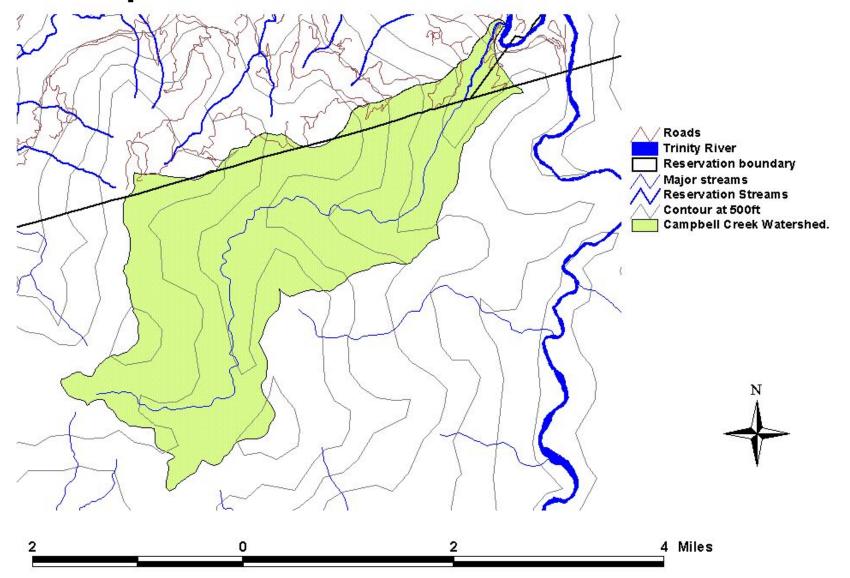
Hoopa Valley Hydrosheds

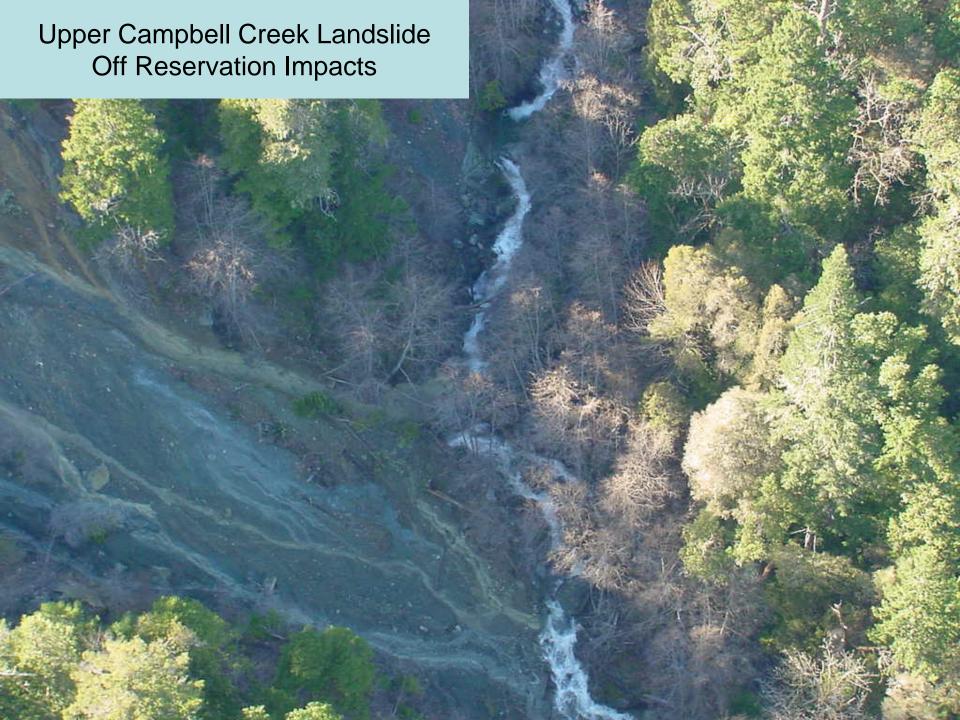


Lower Supply Creek Discharge Frequency 365 days, Water Year 2005



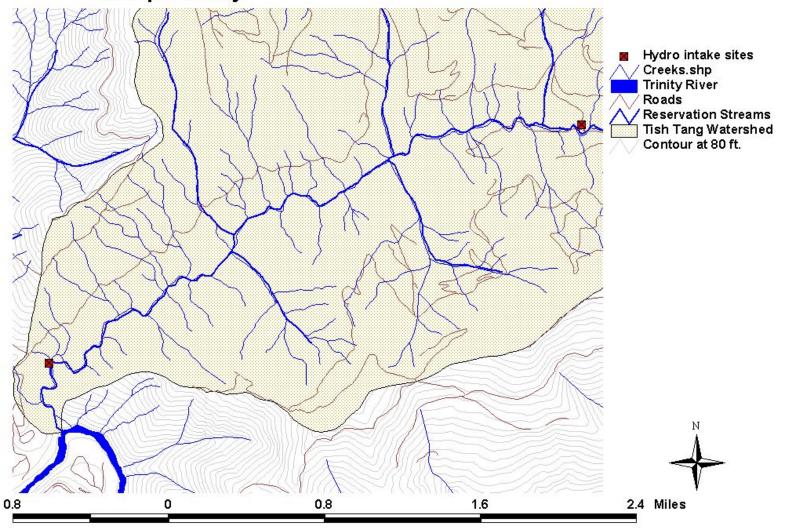
Campbell Creek Watershed







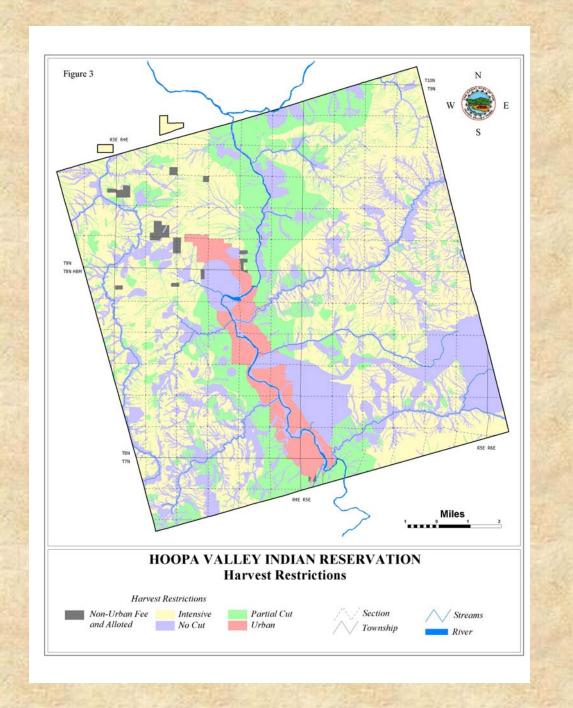
Lower Tish Tang Creek Hoopa Valley



Problems with Tish Tang

- Very gradual gradient <u>5-10%</u>
- Unstable slopes
- Timber set asides
- Cultural sites
- Lack of low elevation site for turbine



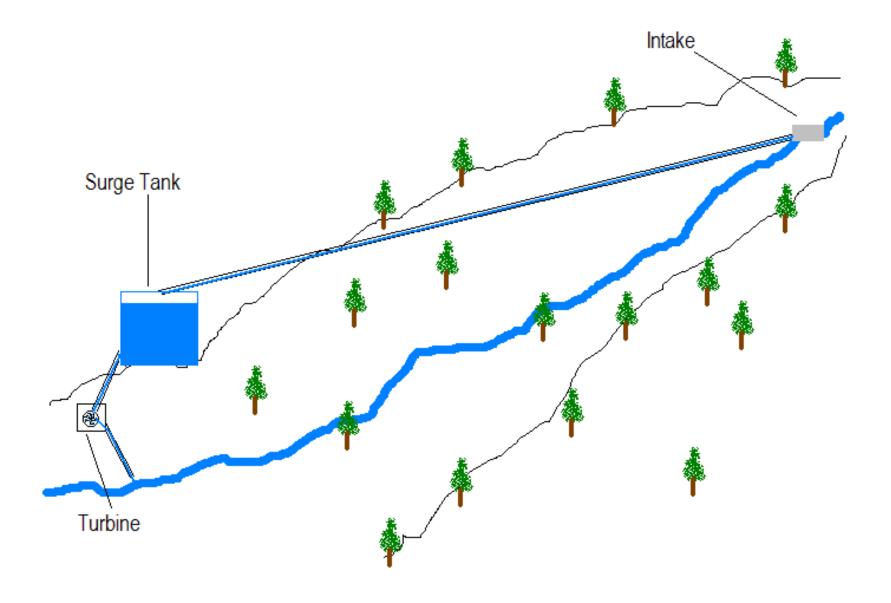


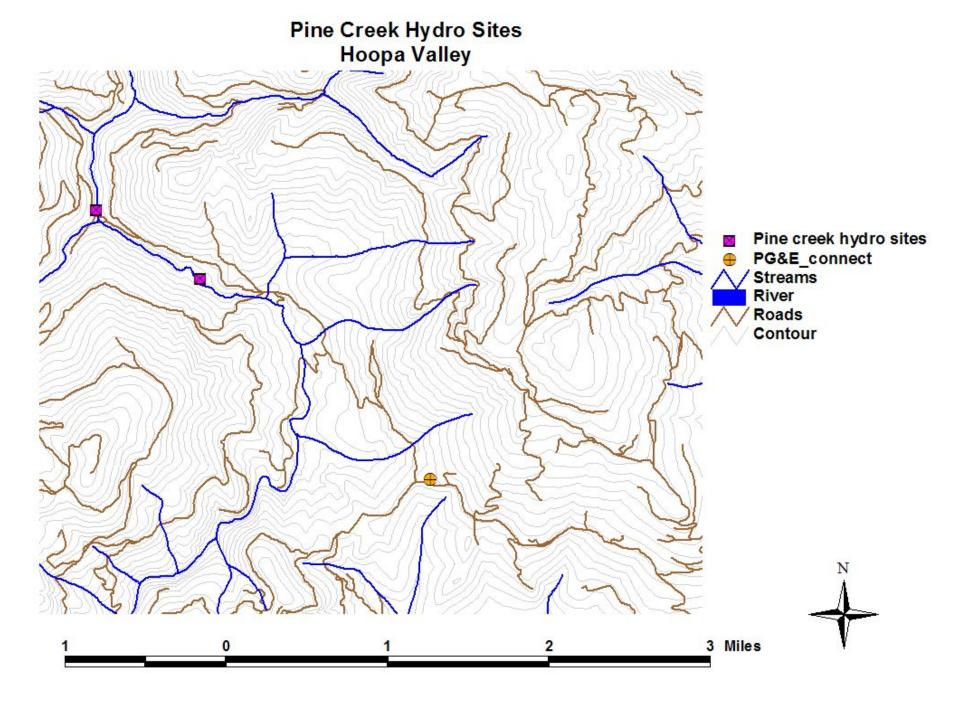






Alternative Concept

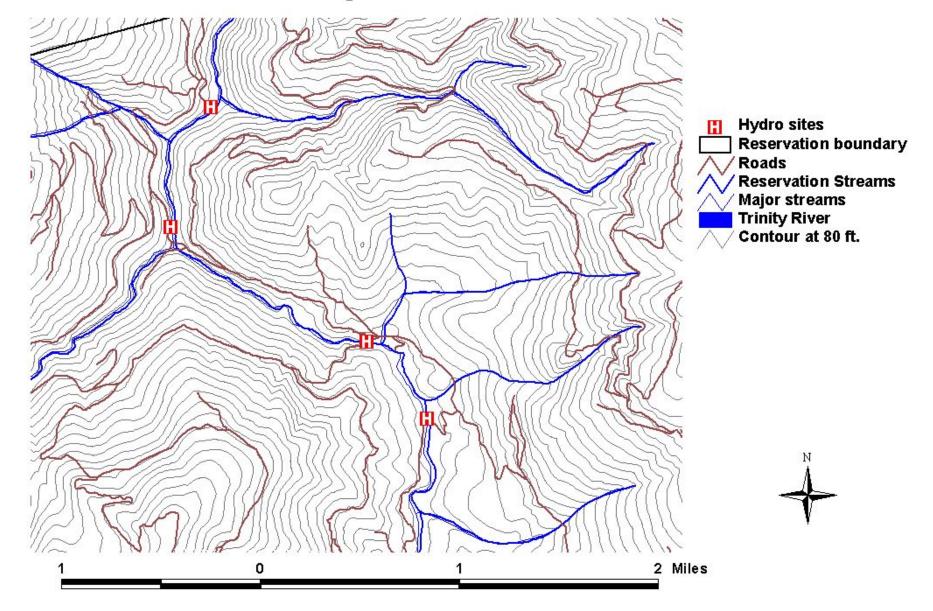




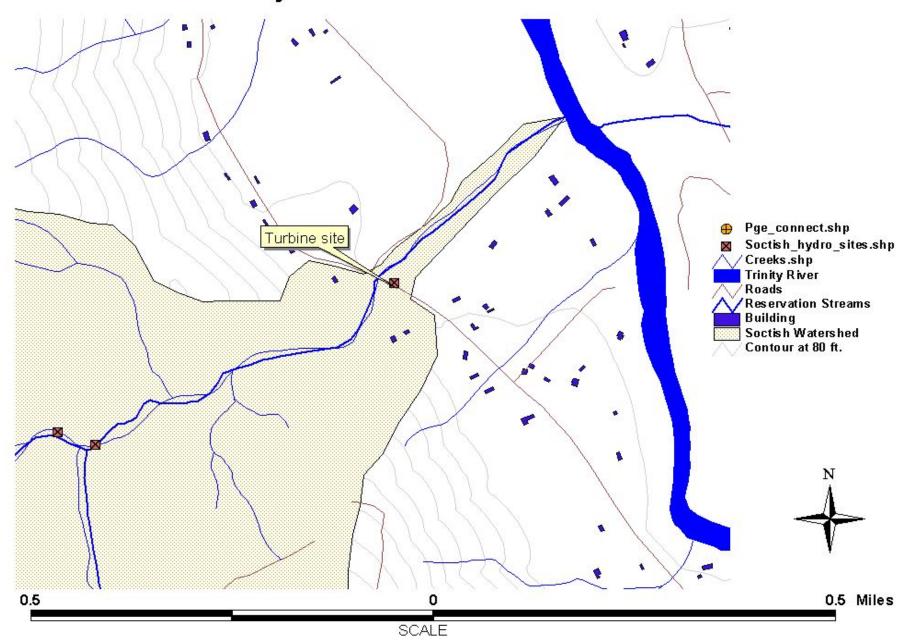




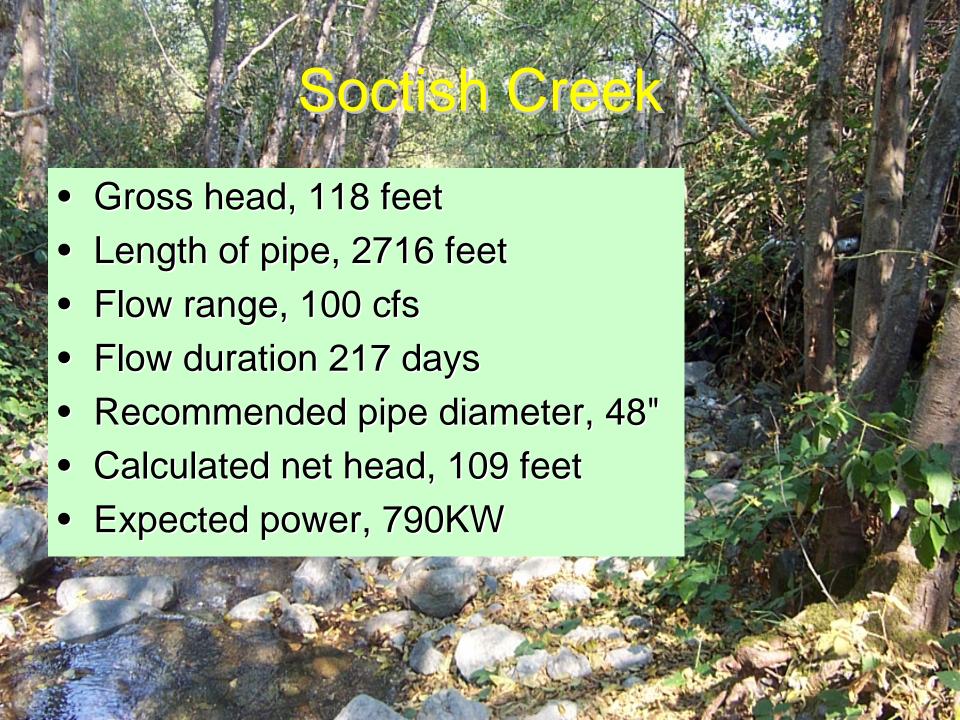
Pine Creek Hydro Sites



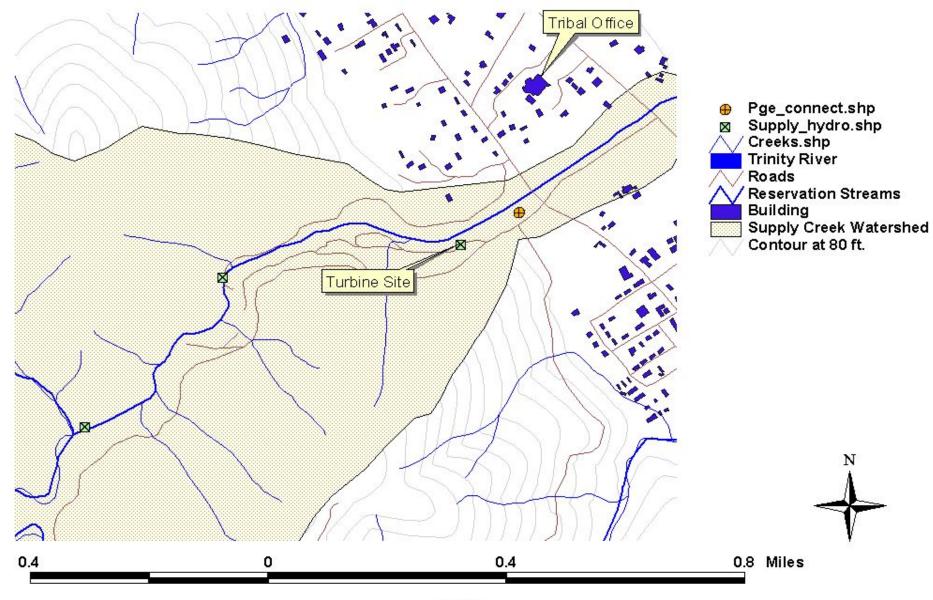
Soctish Creek Hydro Sites



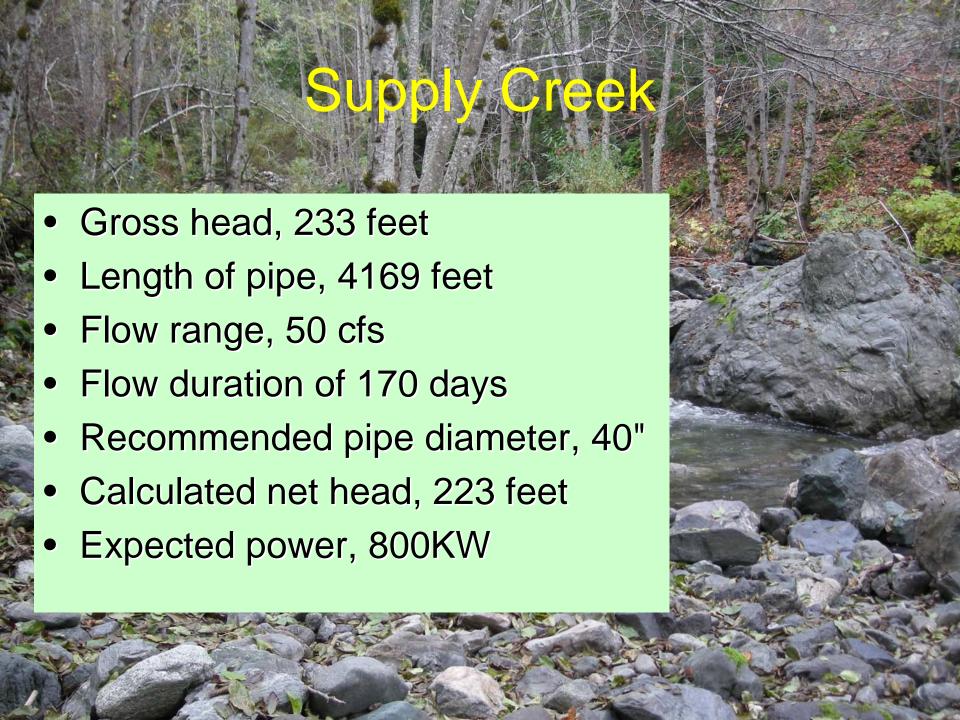




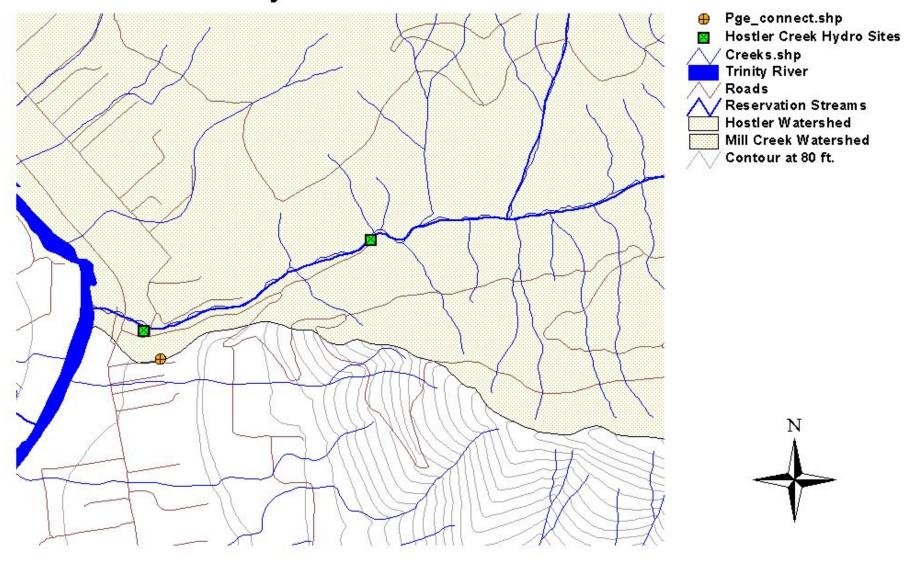
Supply creek hydro sites







Hostler Creek Hydro Sites

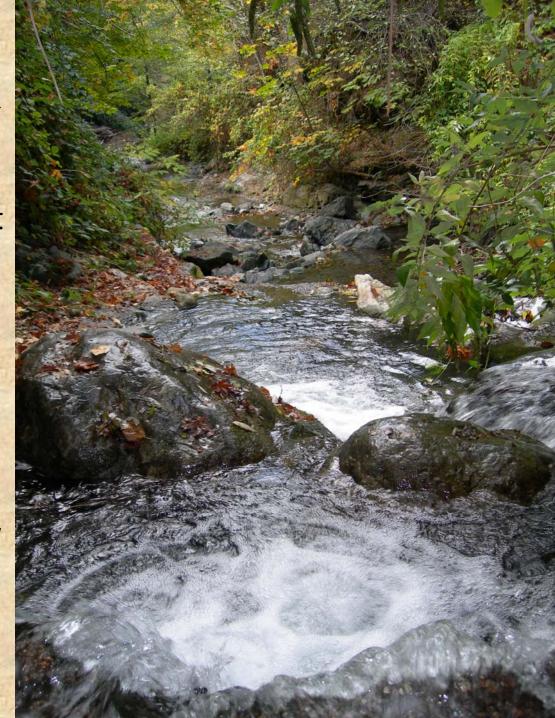


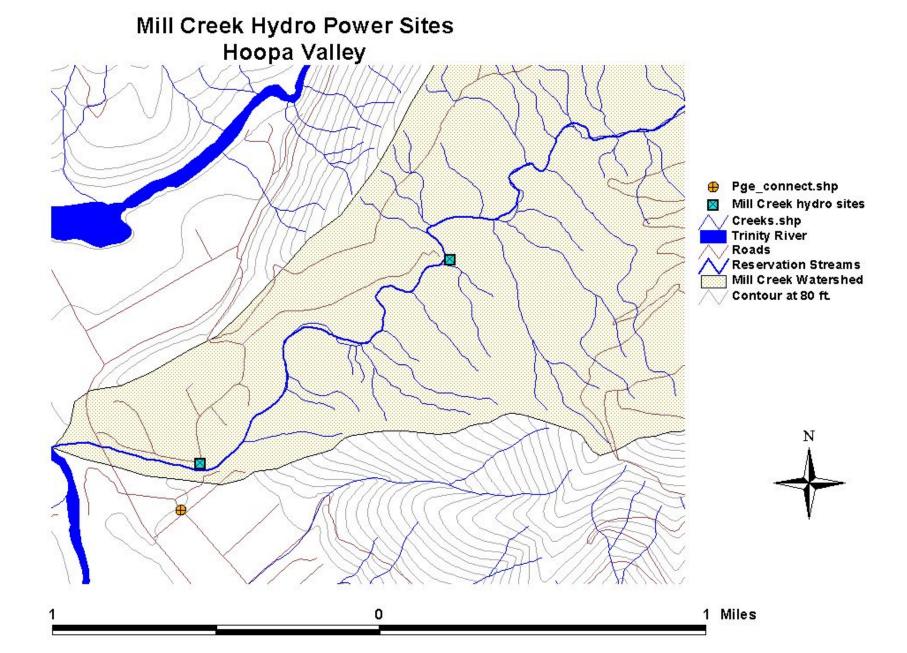
1 0 1 Miles



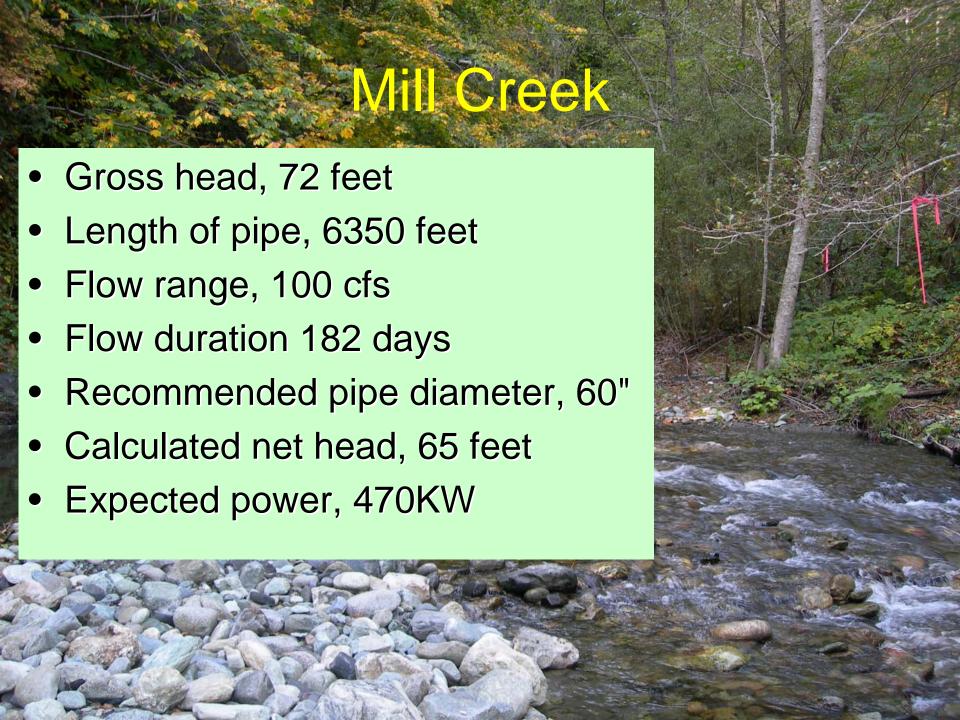
Hostler Creek

- Gross head, 39 feet
- Length of pipe, 375 feet
- Flow range, 10 cfs
- Flow duration 317 days
- Recommended pipe diameter, 16"
- Calculated net head,
 35 feet
- Expected power, 19KW

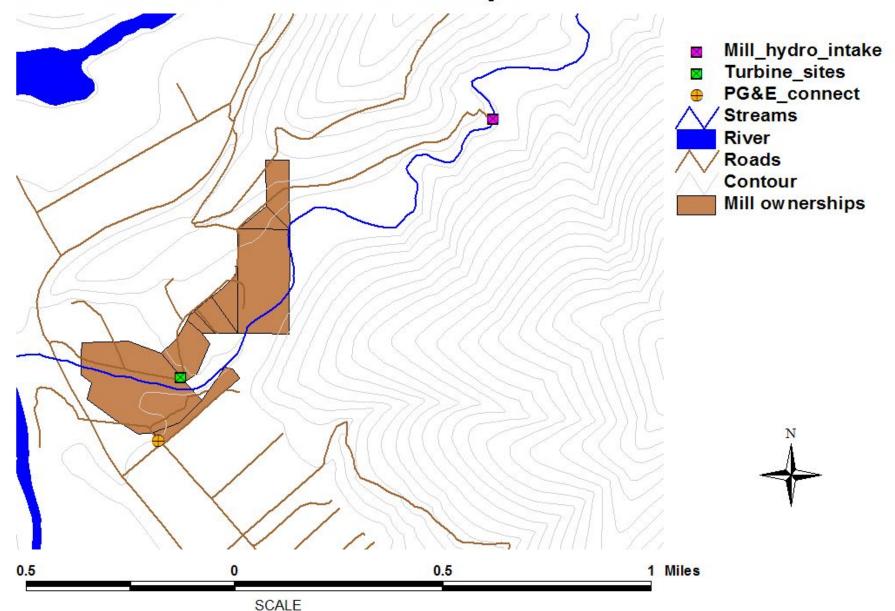




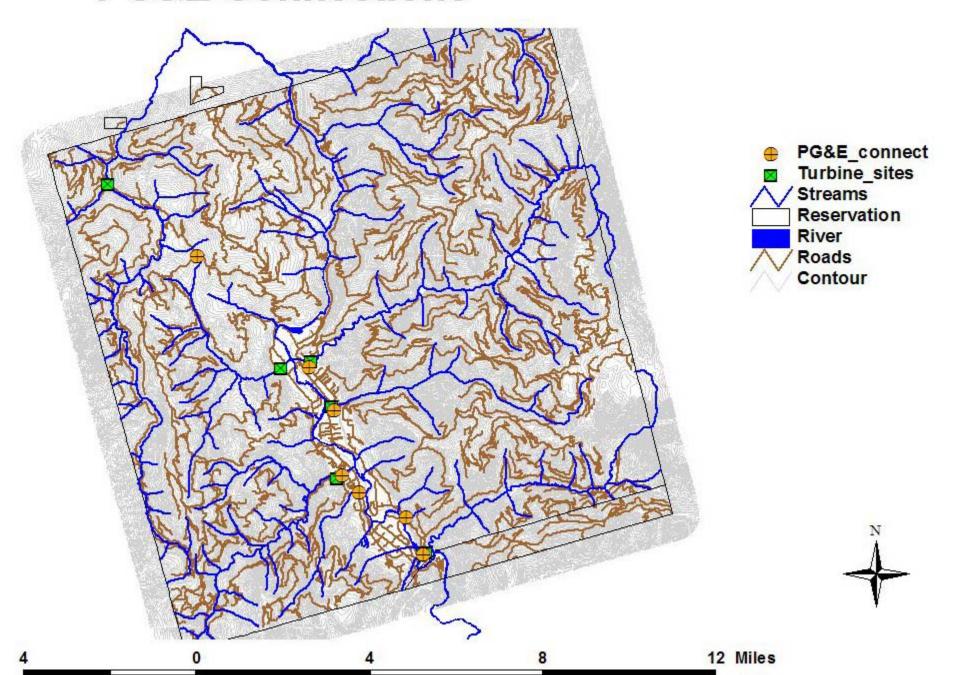


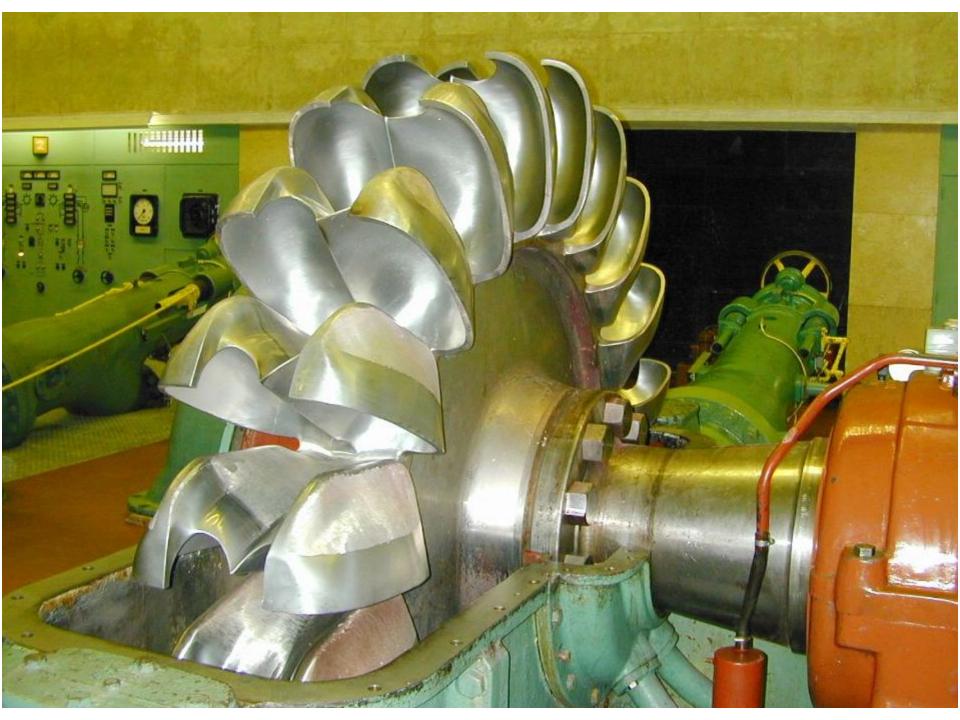


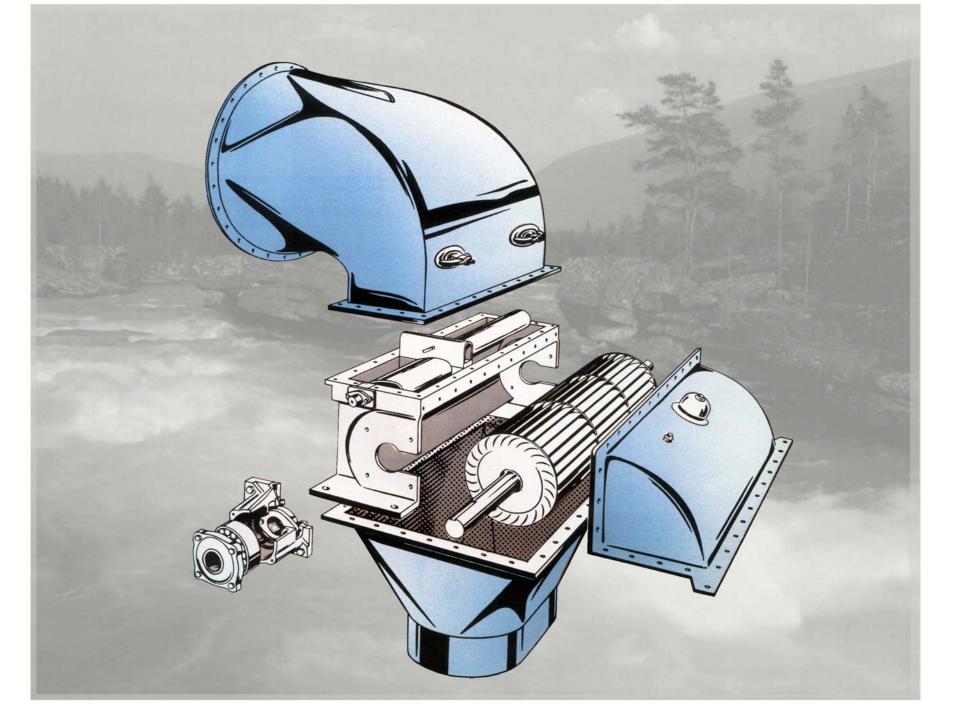
Lower Mill Creek Ownerships



PG&E Connections









Hoopa Tribe Detail

	KW Size of Turbine	Power Purchase / KWH	Annual Revenue	Total Cost of Installation	25% Down Payment	Loan Amt (Total Cost less down payment)	9% Note, amortized over 10 yr., annual payments	Revenue - Cost
Lower Pine Creek	220	0.092	68,492	1,864,800	\$466,200	1,398,600	242.222	44440
							212,602	-144,110
	790	0.092	378,517	1,608,000	\$402,000	1,206,000		
Soctish Creek							183,325	195,192
	335	0.092	125,746	1,364,900	\$341,225	1,023,675		
Supply Creek Option 1							155,610	-29,864
	800	0.092	300,288	1,712,020	\$428,005	1,284,015	100,010	
Supply Creek	800	0.092	300,200	1,712,020	φ420,003	1,204,010		
Option 2							195,184	105,104
	19	0.092	13,299	251,500	\$62,875	188,625		
Hostler Creek			·				28,673	-15,374
	470	0.092	188,872	2,690,220	\$672,555	2,017,665		
Mill Creek				_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	75.2,556		306,707	-117,835

